

# Linear Hall Effect Sensor IC

## ◆ General Description

The HAL59F is a small, Ratio-Metric, Linear Hall device that is operated by the magnetic field from a permanent magnet or an electromagnet. The output voltage is set by the supply voltage and varies in proportion to the strength of the magnetic field.

The integrated circuitry features low noise output, which makes it unnecessary to use external filtering. It also includes precision resistors to provide increased temperature stability and accuracy. The operating temperature range of these linear Hall sensors is -40°C to 85°C, appropriate for commercial, consumer and industrial applications.

The small SOT-89B surface-mount style package, uses a industry standard "gull-wing" design which makes it less susceptible to "solder bridging" and allows increased circuit board density.

## ◆ Features

- Miniature Construction
- Power Consumption of 2.1mA at V<sub>CC</sub>=5V
- Sensitivity:1.8mV/Gs at V<sub>CC</sub>=5V
- Single Current Sourcing Output
- Linear Output for Circuit Design Flexibility
- Low Noise Output Virtually Eliminates the Need for Filtering
- A Stable and Accurate Output
- Temperature Range of -40°C to 85°C
- Responds to Either Positive or Negative Gauss

## ◆ Applications

- Current Sensing
- Motor Control
- Position Sensing
- Magnetic Code Reading
- Ferrous Metal Detector
- Vibration Sensing
- Liquid Level Sensing
- Weight Sensing

## ◆ Pin Configuration



Figure 1. Pin Configuration of HAL59F (Front View)

## ◆ Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
1	V <sub>CC</sub>	IC Power Supply voltage
2	GND	IC Ground
3	OUT	Output

## ◆ Functional Block Diagram

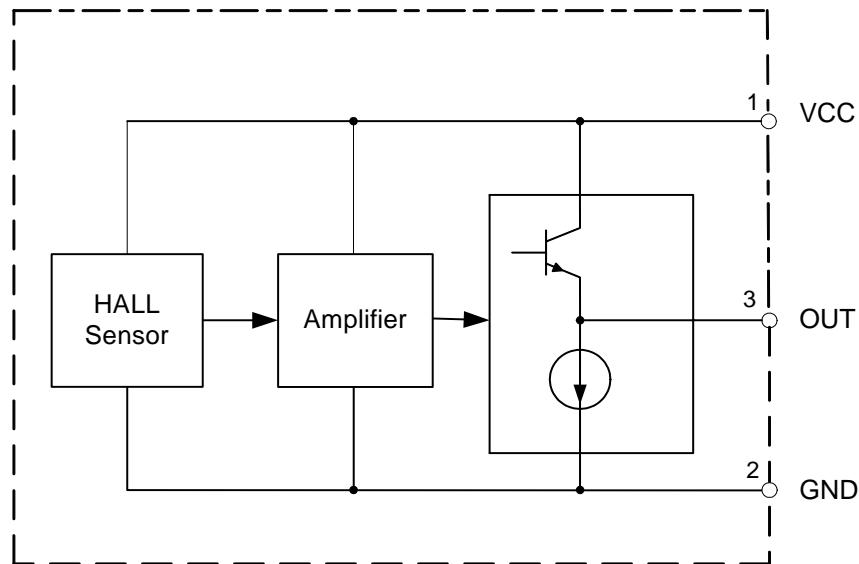


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram of HAL59F

## ◆ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	15	V
Output Current	$I_O$	10	mA
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-40 to 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-50 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Magnetic Flux	B	Unlimited	Gauss

Note 1: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### ◆ Recommended Operating Conditions

( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	3.0	7.0	V
Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	-20	85	$^\circ\text{C}$

### ◆ Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$			2.1	3.9	mA
Quiescent Output Voltage	$V_{NULL}$	$B=0\text{GS}$	2.25	2.5	2.75	V
Output Voltage Sensitivity	$\text{Sen}$	$B=0\text{GS}$ to $\pm 900\text{GS}$	1.4	1.8	2.2	$\text{mV/GS}$
Output Voltage Span	$V_{OS}$		1.05 to ( $V_{CC}-1.05$ )	0.95 to ( $V_{CC}-0.95$ )		V
Bandwidth (-3dB)	$BW$			23		KHz
Magnetic Field Range	$B$			$\pm 900$		GS
Linearity of Span	$\text{Lin}$			0.7		%
Output Noise		$BW=10\text{Hz}$ to $10\text{kHz}$		90		$\mu\text{V}$

### ◆ Magnetic Characteristics

When there is no outside magnetic field ( $B=0\text{GS}$ ), the quiescent output voltage is one-half the supply voltage in general.

For SOT-89B package, if a south magnetic pole approaches to the front face (the side with marking ID) of the Hall effect sensor, the circuit will drive the output voltage higher. Contrary, a north magnetic pole

will drive the output voltage lower. The variations of voltage level up or down are symmetrical. Greatest magnetic sensitivity is obtained with a supply voltage of 6V, but at the cost of increased supply current and a slight loss of output symmetry. So, it is not recommended to work in such condition unless the output voltage magnitude is a main issue. The output signal can be capacitively coupled to an amplifier for boosting further if the changing frequency of the magnetic field is high.

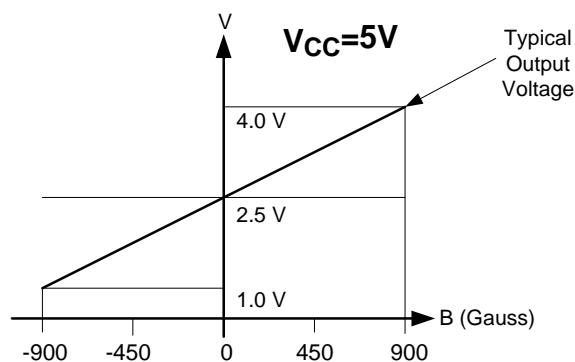
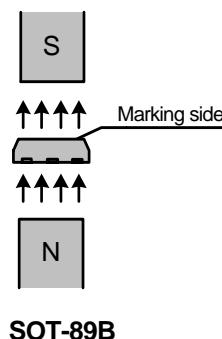


Figure 3. The Transfer Characteristics of HAL59F

## ◆ Marking Information



Y :Year,"2"=2012

WW: Nth Week,01~52

## ◆ Package Information

SOT-89B (Front View)

(unit:mm)

